

THE CENTRAL RECORD.

PURE RELIGION, UNTARNISHED DEMOCRACY AND GOOD GOVERNMENT.

TWENTY SEVENTH YEAR.

NUMBER 15.

LANCASTER, KY., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 13, 1916.

Perfection and Blue Belle OIL STOVES

Majestic Ranges.

The best made. All kinds of cooking utensils

MCCORMACK AND THOS MOWERS

Thomas Rakes.

We carry everything to be found in a first-class Hardware Store.

Your account is due. Please call and settle.

All kinds of Fishing Tackle and Base Ball Goods.

Conn Brothers.

LIVE AND LET LIVE FOLKS.

SPANISH CAKE. RAISIN POUND SILVER SUNBEAM.

SOMETHING NICE FOR BREAKFAST.

Why, yes, ma'am, here is some splendid bacon. It is wonderfully toothsome, mild, sweet and as healthful as anything you could eat.

NO MA'AM it isn't just the same as the rest—Quite a bit different.

This Bacon started to be good before it was Bacon, the breeding you know, then the feeding.

Cured more carefully than most Bacons, too.

Really, we don't think you will be able to find anything anywhere QUITE so nice for breakfast.

90cts a pound sliced.

Theo Currey.

See Border of "Ad" for Names of Cakes.

MEPHISTO. CREOLE FRUIT.

Notice

We can insure your Tobacco, Hemp, Wheat in shock, stack or graineries. Come see us.

ELMORE & HOPPER
Lancaster, Kentucky.

PAINT!

PAINT!



Paint Your House with
PURE LEAD and PURE
LINSEED OIL and not
Cotton Seed Oil.

W. J. ROMANS,
Lancaster, Ky.

Hand Us That \$.

FOR SALE.

Rex Theatre and Garage
7-13-4t pd L. E. Herron.

DISTRICT GAME WARDEN.

Samuel J. Embry of Stanford has been appointed Game Warden for the district composed of the counties of Casey, Lincoln, Boyle and Garrard.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE.

Your attention is called to the advertisement in this issue of the sale of the W. H. Dean farm in Jessamine county. This farm of 590 acres is one of the best producing and best improved places in Central Kentucky.

HUGHES TO TRAVEL.

Charles E. Hughes probably will open his active Presidential campaign the second week in August with a 7,000-mile trip to the Pacific Coast and return. The nominee is considering an itinerary that will provide for a dozen set speeches.

PRICE APPOINTED.

Joe Price, of Lancaster, who was a student in Centre College, has been appointed to a sinecure Government position on the Panama canal. Price is a cousin of Hon. William Jennings Bryan, Minister to Panama. He is well known in Danville.—Danville Advocate.

PAINT LICK DEFEATED.

Paint Lick again suffered defeat at the hands of its old rival Whites Station last Saturday by the close score of seven to six. Two games are scheduled for this Saturday, the first with Cottonburg and the second with Whites Station.

Both at Paint Lick.

WINCHESTER FAIR.

The Clark County Fair which will be held in Winchester July 26-29 inclusive will be the biggest exhibition ever held in the State of Kentucky. Preparations are now under way for the handling of the largest crowd that has ever attended a fair in that city, and the largest number of horses that has ever attended a county fair in the Blue Grass will be on the grounds.

THE REASON WHY.

Why is it that BATSON & WEST are selling

GOODS SO CHEAP?
BECAUSE they buy for CASH and sell for CASH.
BECAUSE they take all discounts.

BECAUSE they have the lowest rent.

BECAUSE they have no clerks to pay.

BECAUSE they do their own work.

THAT IS THE REASON.

GOOD STREET FAIR HERE.

The Littlejohn Greater Shows or Street Fair, which was so well patronized here last year is showing this week on the grounds of A. H. Baatin, on Richmond street. The attractions are strictly moral and non sensational and are clean and wholesome. The shows are interesting to all who attend and are satisfying in all their details. In connection with the shows is the famous Grelia Band which is giving concerts every afternoon and evening on the square.

Mr. Littlejohn is an Alabama man, his home being in Decatur. His is the only attraction of this kind owned and operated in the South by a Southern born man, and being of Southern birth and raising, he knows just what the people of the South want, and gives it to them. Littlejohn's greatest pride is in the fact that he has a line of attractions that are strictly moral and as clean and wholesome as anything of the kind ever dared to be.

THE DIX RIVER DAM.

Mr. Louis H. Herrington who has been at work on the Dix River dam exploit for several years was at Kennedy's Mill last week where a camp has already been pitched and workmen are now busy drilling the rock to locate the best location for the giant structure. A water gauge was placed in the river just above Kennedy's Mill in 1910 and the water flow readings have been taken regularly and have been filed in government reports. Engineers and authorities on water power and electric plants have been sent out from time to time and every investigation has proven the plan more feasible. The exploit is now assured and the work of construction awaits only the exact location of the most solid base for the dam. The height of the dam will be something over two hundred feet and water will be backed up as far as King's Mill. The plant when completed will furnish power and light at a great reduction to all the Central Kentucky towns and will facilitate factory and mill work in that section. Mr. Herrington together with Messrs. Harvey and Waller Chenuant and a number of other influential men have been working together on this immense project for several years and the fact that such men as these should make this large undertaking a success.—Richmond Citizen.

HUGHES.

Miss Polly Hughes died at Marksburg on Monday morning. She was an aunt of the late William Hughes and of Mrs. Katherine Aldridge. She was born in Lincoln county ninety years ago and had lived there most of her life, but was making her home with Mr. Abner Hughes at the time of her death.

LOCATES AT BUCKEYE

Dr. J. E. Edwards of Maya Lick, Mason County, and a graduate of the class of 1916 at the University of Louis ville has decided to take up the practice of Medicine at Buckeye, and moved there with his wife this week. Dr. Edwards graduated with high honors in his class and recently passed his State Board Examinations.

WALTON PUBLICITY HEAD.

Col W. P. Walton, former Editor of the Interior Journal, the Lexington Democrat and the Frankfort State Journal, has been appointed Chairman of the Publicity Bureau for the Democratic State Campaign. Col Walton's wide experience as an editor, and the fact that he served, in the same capacity under Chairman Camden, makes him a valuable man for this important position.

THE MEXICAN SITUATION.

The Presidents policy of "watchful waiting" has been fully justified by the developments in the Mexican situation. The troubles with Carranza in regard to American forces in Mexico will be settled through diplomatic channels of the two governments, in due course. The President is firm in his stand that if the First Chief Executive in our withdrawal, he must show himself able and willing to carry out the work for which our expedition was sent into Mexico.

NEW LAW NOW IN FORCE.

The act passed by the last session of the Kentucky Legislature for the protection of the fish in the streams of this State became effective Wednesday. Circular letters have been sent out by Executive Agent J. Q. Ward to all the counties notifying fishermen that it would be unlawful to catch fish except with rod, line and hook, hand lines, set lines or trot lines. Persons attempting to catch fish by any other means will be subject to a fine of not less than \$15 nor more than \$100 for each offense.

The new law prohibits the use of wing nets, set nets, seine, trap, trammel net, dip net, or any kind of a net or contrivance that will materially hinder the passage of the fish in any stream in the State. The use of dynamite or other forms of explosives in the streams is also forbidden under the law. Shooting of fish is also prohibited.

HUGHES.

Mr. William Hughes, one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of Garrard county, passed quietly from time to eternity at his home on Richmond Street Monday morning at seven o'clock. He had been confined to his bed about two weeks and all that his devoted family and friends could do was of no avail.

He was born in Garrard county in 1840 and in 1861 he was married to Miss Mary Elizabeth Marksbury. He is survived by his wife and three children who are, Messrs. Eddie and Ben Hughes of this place, and Mrs. J. W. Acey of Stanford, and a very devoted little grand daughter, Miss Delta Rice Hughes.

Mr. Hughes was a man of quiet and gentle disposition in his home and with his friends, and was ever ready to help in sickness and distress. He was a life long member of the Christian church. The funeral services were conducted at his late residence by Eld. F. M. Tinder Wednesday morning at ten o'clock after which interment took place in the Lancaster cemetery.

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At STANFORD FAIR.

The K. of P. Fair at Stanford offers an innovation this year in offering a prize of one hundred and fifty dollars for the best mule colt, but a provision of the stake will be that the colt becomes the property of the Fair Association. Certainly no owner would have a colt so fine that he would refuse such a price for it, and as no entrance fee is charged, a large entry list is expected.

"TEDDY" ALDRIDGE

Receives Painful Injuries in Auto Accident

Mr. Thad N. Aldridge, a popular and well known drummer of Stanford, received some very painful injuries last Wednesday night, when his car became unmanageable and ran off a bridge. His limb was broken in two places and his foot crushed and it is feared he was injured about his head. He was taken to his room where he received medical aid, later he was removed to the home of his parents where everything possible is being done for him. He is resting easy and his many friends are hoping for his complete recovery.

HOW HELM HAS UPHeld

THE HANDS OF THE PRESIDENT.

An inspection of the Congressional Record shows that Mr. Helm deserted the President and the Democratic majority of Congress upon several of the most vital matters which have been before Congress in recent years, matters which were salient features of the Democratic platform and the enactment of which has received the almost unanimous approval and commendation of the people of the nation. Congressman Helm claims to have endeavored to consistently uphold the hands of the President."

When the great Banking and Currency act was passed; the act which established Federal Reserve Banks and did more to place the financial system of this country upon a firm, substantial and permanent basis than all other currency legislation within half a century, where was the vote of the present Congressman from the Eighth district?

The roll call shows that Mr. Helm DID NOT VOTE upon this bill. Every other democrat from Kentucky voted for the bill except Cantrell, who, also is recorded as not voting upon it.

When the Immigration bill, designed to exclude a great many illiterate and undesirable foreigners from making America a breeding place and asylum for crime, was up for passage in the House, where was Mr. Helm's vote upon this big measure, advocated by the present Congressman from the Eighth district?

The record shows that Mr. Helm DID NOT VOTE on this bill. Every other democrat from Kentucky voted for it except Sherley, of Louisa, where there is a large foreign population, and who voted against it.

When the bill to repeal a provision of the Panama Canal Tolls act exempting vessels engaged in coastwise trade of the U. S. from tolls through the canal was up, and vigorously urged for passage by President Woodrow Wilson, where was Mr. Helm's vote.

Every Democratic congressman from Kentucky except Helm voted for the bill. The record shows the congressmen from Kentucky who voted against this bill, earnestly desired by the President to have been:

HELM, Democrat.

LANGLEY, Republican.

POWERS, Republican.

And again. When the Anti-Trust bill, in two acts, was before the house and this was one of the very fundamental features of the Democratic platform and campaign for victory in 1912—where was the vote of Mr. Helm, who says he desires to "consistently uphold the hands of the President?"

On both Anti-Trust bills, Mr. Harvey Helm, of the Eighth Kentucky district, is recorded in the official record, as NOT VOTING.

To say the least, the present congressman from this district seems to have adopted a most unusual and remarkable method of "consistently upholding the hands of the President."

By his votes upon these measures which the President and the Democratic majority of both Houses of Congress believed of intense and paramount importance to the country that they be enacted into law, it might almost be said in the language of the immortal Ollie James, in talking of a certain "statesman", who deserted the President and the majority of his party at a crucial hour: "Yes; he upheld the hands of the President; held them up so that his enemies might tie them."

Think this over, Mr. Democratic Voter, when the primary election rolls around on August 5th. Do you believe in continuing in office a congressman who "upholds the hands of the President" in such fashion?

The German submarine Deutschland has arrived in Chesapeake Bay.

Long expected, ridiculed, fabulous as the sea serpent or the Flying Dutchman, she became a reality to the wachters off Cape Henry at exactly 1:30 o'clock Sunday morning, and soon after was slowly making her way through a network of inquisitive ships and thru the maze of red tape of the quarantine and customs officials toward her dock at the pier of the Eastern Forwarding Company, Locust Point, Baltimore, where she arrived Monday.

The Deutschland made the trip in sixteen days. She is the largest submarine afloat. The largest German war models are less than 300 feet long. But this submarine of commerce is 315 feet long, exactly one third the length of the largest merchant vessels afloat—the Vaterland and the Imperator.

The boat carried no passengers. Her cargo consists of dyestuff—a hundred tons of them, and many tons of mail. This keeps her very low in the water when riding on the surface. Her draft when she was sighted was 17 feet and it was largely because of her depth that she did not try to come to land when submerged.

PLACE YOUR ORDER FOR A

FORD

Automobile

Touring 5 Passenger \$440.

Roadster \$390.

F. O. B. DETROIT.

Haselden Bros., Wholesale and Retail Hardware.

Lancaster, - - - Kentucky

We are now putting out

GLEN LILY FLOUR

made from NEW WHEAT. The quality is fine and the flour is as good as can be made.

We manufacture FLOUR and MEAL using only Garrard County Wheat and Corn.

Lets us co-operate and make the use of our own products unanimous.

Garrard Milling Co

"MAXIMUM RED" INNER TUBES ARE A PROVED SUCCESS.

Come and look them over.

30 x 3 \$2.60

32 x 3½ \$3.10

33 x 4 \$4.30

34 x 4½ \$5.50

30 x 3½ \$3.00

32 x 4 \$4.20

CARDS.

Dr. Wm. D. Pryor,
Veterinary Surgeon
and Dentist.
Office at Rainey's Livery Stable.
Lancaster, Kentucky



E. W. Marrow, Graduate Optician
Glasses Fitted. Satisfaction Guaranteed

Honaker
Fine Cut Flowers.

John M. McRoberts.

H. J. PATRICK,
Dentist.

Paint Lick, Kentucky

John M. Casey, D. V. M.
Veterinary Surgeon.

Graduate Cincinnati Veterinary
College.

DANVILLE, KENTUCKY

J. A. Beazley
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Office Over National Bank.
Residence Phone 3. Office Phone 27
LANCASTER, KY.

Three Brown Manley
CULTIVATORS
to close out at cost.
G. C. COX, Mansfield, Ky.

Phone 18 to 12 a. m.
229. Office Hours 11a-7p.m.

M. K. Denny and W. A. Wheeler
Doctors Of Dental Surgery.
Office—Formerly Building over Hurt & Anderson's Furniture Store.
LANCASTER, KENTUCKY.

TREES
Fruit and Shade Trees
Strawberry Plants,
Shrubs, Grape Vines,
Rhubarb, Asparagus,
Roses, Phlox, Peonies
Everything for Orchard, Lawn and
Garden.
Write for free Catalogue. No Agts.

H. F. Hillenmeyer & Sons.
Lexington, Kentucky.
1911. 1916

POSTED

The undersigned hereby give warning to all persons not to trespass upon our lands for any purpose whatever as we will prosecute all offenders to the full extent of the law. Hunters and Fishermen especially take notice.

Ed & N. B. Price R. L. Elkin
W. R. Cook Mrs. Rebecca J. West
H. C. Arnold James G. Conn
J. C. Morgan J. P. Bland
Long Bros. J. H. and W. S. Weaver
J. Booth Sutton W. T. West
W. L. Lawson and son Howard King
Miss Carrie Boulden J. H. Riggsby
J. C. Riggsby John Richardson
A. C. Miller J. B. Woods
J. H. Thompson Joe M. Farris
B. L. Kelly David Steven
Frank Thompson S. C. Riggsby
D. M. Anderson J. H. Thompson
Davis Sutton Ami and Ed Horne
Mrs. J. Wade Walker Dave Dauber
P. B. Thompson W. H. Cummins
Jerry Bland

We will add other names for 25 cent cash.

A Neatly
Engraved
Visiting Card

Is THE proper thing
for a lady or gentle-
man to present nowadays, when making calls.

Come and see what a beautiful line of samples we have and get our prices for 50 or more.

CENTRAL RECORD

DOPETERS WORK RECALLS WAR OF
ON 1916 ELECTION 1846 WITH MEXICO

Vote of 1912 Basis For Fig-
uring on the Results.

Veteran Tells of Ambush That
Caused Hostilities.

BOTH SIDES SEE VICTORY, FLED AT A BAYONET CHARGE

Wilson Received Popular Vote of
6,293,019 to 7,604,463 For Taft and
Roosevelt, but He Got 435 Electoral
Votes to 96 For Roosevelt and Taft.
New York's Vote Important.

Now is the time to begin your figuring on the national campaign. Use the election returns for 1912. There are a number of people in the country who believe that the events of the past are the best guide to the future.

Hughes supporters have added together the popular vote received in 1912 by Taft, 3,845,506, and by Roosevelt, 4,110,507, comparing that total, 7,954,403, with the vote that Wilson received, 6,293,019, and summing up the process with the argument that as Wilson's vote was 13,144 less than the combined Taft-Roosevelt vote four years ago, why, a united Republican party this year is simply going to "walk away," etc.

Wilson supporters pooh-pooh popular vote analysis and invite scrutiny of the electoral college vote in 1912, with Wilson's 435 compared with 96, the sum of Roosevelt's 88 and Taft's 8.

The Wilson prophets are absolutely confident that there's to be no political turnover next November as will so deprecate Wilson's strength in the next electoral college as to give him less than 267 votes, the number necessary to elect a president. In 1912 Taft carried Utah and Vermont, each with four electoral votes. Roosevelt carried California, Michigan, Minnesota, Pennsylvania, South Dakota and Washington—six states. Wilson carried forty of the forty-eight states.

Analysis of Vote.

Take New York state's popular vote in 1912 as a specimen for analysis. Wilson received 655,475 votes; Taft, 455,428; Roosevelt, 390,021; total of Taft and Roosevelt's vote, 845,493, or 150,074 more than Wilson's vote. Then come the questions: "Can half of this number of voters, 65,000, be turned from the Republican candidate of 1912 to Mr. Wilson? How the latter's popularity so increased that in the pivotal Empire State, with its forty-five electoral votes, Wilson can be counted upon to attract 65,000 more votes than gave him their ballots in 1912?"

If Mr. Wilson can get 650,000 popular vote in New York state, then it would seem that his re-election is assured. Whether Wilson's popularity has increased and whether there will be a lessened interest in the Hughes candidacy as compared with the Republicans' factional animosities that inspired activity in 1912 will be made plain in November.

Take Wilson's own state of New Jersey for analysis. That state gave Taft 88,583, Roosevelt 145,410 and Wilson 178,289. The Taft-Roosevelt total was 234,243, or 55,956 more than Wilson's vote. Wilson partisans in New Jersey are content to say that the candidate whom the state has given to the Democratic party can easily run up his 1912 vote twenty-five to thirty thousand, which, with a reduced Republican-Progressive vote due to lessened party fervor with the cessation of factional disputing, will mean New Jersey, with its fourteen electoral votes, safely carried for Wilson.

The total vote cast in 1912 was 15,036,512, of which the Socialists, it is interesting to note, cast not quite 1,000, or less than 7 per cent. The Prohibitionists cast less than 2 per cent of the total vote.

CONTROL OF THE SENATE.

Terms of Seventeen Democrats and
Fifteen Republicans Expire in 1917.

Control of the United States Senate is another important matter the voters will be called upon to decide at the polls in November. Terms of both Democrats and Republicans are going to make every effort to supplement terms of the opposite political party.

The senators whose terms expire on March 3, 1917, are:

Democrats.

Ashurst of Arizona, Bryan of Florida, Clifton of West Virginia, Culbertson of Texas, Hart of Nebraska,

Johnson of Maine, Lee of Tennessee, Lee of Maryland, Martine of New Jersey, Myers of Montana, O'Gorman of New York, Utman of Nevada, Pomeroy of Ohio, Reed of Missouri, Swan-son of Virginia, Taggart of Indiana and Williams of Mississippi.

Republicans.

Catron of New Mexico, Clapp of Minnesota, Clark of Wyoming, De-

Post of Delaware, La Follette of Wisconsin, Lipitt of Rhode Island, Lodge of Massachusetts, McCumber of North Dakota, McLean of Connecticut, Oliver of Pennsylvania, Page of Vermont, Pendleton of Washington, Sutherland of Utah, Townsend of Michigan and Works of California.

Thirteen Lucky For Him.

Born on the 13th, the thirteenth child, a runaway at thirteen years, married on 13th, made fortune in 1913, bought 1,300 acres of land and his auto number 1313, Howard Grimes of Oregon thinks 13 his lucky number.

Another Way to Rejuvenate Eggs.

A Maryland man has found a means of preserving eggs with a substance known as "liquid petroleum," which he claims will rapidly penetrate eggs, when applied externally, and make them proof against moisture or bacteria. The preserving substance is a mixture of hydrocarbons. When properly treated, eggs can be preserved under a normal temperature for many weeks without deteriorating.—Popular Science Monthly.

SUMMER LIGHTNING.

Summer lightning is beginning to take its toll from the farm houses and barns. Farm fires usually show a marked increase with the coming of summer, due to the lightning from thunderstorms. There are two ways of meeting the danger—the fire protection in the way of water extinguishers and farm water systems can be made adequate or the right type of a lightning rod system can be installed. There are reputable firms making lightning rods that will give protection, and most insurance companies make a lower rate for farm buildings protected in this way.

—Farm Progress.

JOHNSON GRASS A WEED.

Pest Should Be Destroyed During the Summer and Fall.

Kansas farmers who planted oats containing Johnson grass, an undesirable weed, should destroy the pest this summer or in the fall, according to G. E. Thompson, specialist in crops, division of extension, Kansas State Agricultural College.

"Definite records show that 50,000 bushels of oats containing Johnson grass seed were planted in the state last spring," says Mr. Thompson.

"Johnson grass is a weed pest because of the large underground root stalks which cause the plant to spread rapidly and enable it to live over from year to year. Yet it is hard to get and maintain a stand sufficiently good to make a satisfactory meadow, and in Kansas Johnson grass is worth little for pasture. The large bunches or clumps of Johnson grass as they appear in the fields interfere with cultivation, prevent getting uniform stands, sap moisture and plant food from the cultivated crop and are a nuisance at harvest time."

"During the early and mid part of summer the Johnson grass can be kept short enough to keep the plants in a work condition comparatively few root stalks that penetrate deep into the ground will be formed. An out or a wheat crop serves this purpose quite well. When the Johnson grass is in this weakened condition, plowing in July or early August will further weaken the plants and will entice many of them. If the ground then is given clean cultivation until fall nearly all of the grass that is not killed by the cultivation will freeze out during the winter. In case a good deal of the grass shows up after this mid-summer plowing it may be advisable to late fall plow in order to further expose the roots to freezing."

How Much Dust in Air?

A scientist is using an ingenious new method of ascertaining just how much dust and smoke the atmosphere contains. A ribbon of filter paper is stretched over a small slit in the side of a hot air furnace cylinder, and the air is passed through the paper by exhausting the interior of the cylinder. After a half hour's exposure the ribbon is automatically moved on and a fresh surface exposed.

FOR SALE

FARM and Personal Property.

As executor of the will of Rebecca J. West and pursuant to said will probated in June 1915 by the Garrard County Court, I will sell her farm in Garrard County, Kentucky, five miles east of Lancaster, and one mile from the station of the L. & N. R. R. at Hyattsville, on the Kirkville and Hyattsville Turnpike on

Tuesday Aug. 1st, 1916

at two o'clock P. M., on the premises, rain or shine, as the said is made to settle her estate.

TERMS.—There is about 283 acres in said farm, about 131 acres on the east side of the turnpike and about 153 acres on the west side. Said land will be first offered in said two tracts and then as a whole, and the bid or bids will be accepted, which will realize the most money, said land to be sold by the acre and to be surveyed and so paid for and conveyed subject to said survey.

Bonds with good security to be required of the purchaser, one half the purchase money to be due January 1st, 1917 and the other one half in two hounds or notes of equal amount due and payable in one and two years from January 1st, 1917 and to bear interest at 6 per cent per annum from January 1st, 1917. Possession to be given and deed made when first bond is paid on January 1st, 1917, seeding privileges given in the fall of 1916. A lien to be retained on said land to secure said bonds and notes.

There is on said farm a dwelling house with eight rooms and two porches, stock barn, crib and other outbuildings, also two good tenant houses, three tobacco barns and a pair of scales, splendid water and well watered, and the land is in a high state of cultivation, one half in grass. The farm will be sold first; after which I will also sell five work mules, one broad mare, one mule colt and the farming implements of all kinds. [No household or kitchen furniture to be sold.] All amounts under twenty-five dollars cash. Notes with good security with interest from date due January 1st, 1917 for all amounts over twenty-five dollars.

Marion Johnston, who lives on the farm, will show it to prospective purchasers, and Col. E. M. Dunn will act as auctioneer.

For further information apply to

G. B. ROBINSON, Executor, Danville, Ky.
Phone 377.

15 Years Old.

We opened for business July 1, 1901
Our Capital Paid in then,
Only \$8,000.00.

READ OUR STATEMENT JULY 1ST, 1916

Capital Stock Fully Paid	\$ 16,000.00
Surplus and Profits	13,505.24
Deposits	69,793.13
Due National Banks	8.68
Rediscards	2,000.00
Bills Payable	21,000.00
Total	\$122,207.05
Loans	\$109,204.92
Building	3,000.00
Cash on Hand and in Banks	8,799.80
Overdrafts	1,302.33
Total	\$122,207.05

We have just declared our dividend No 26.

We have always set aside large part of profits to surplus as additional security to our depositors.

We wish to thank all who have been so loyal to us for the past 15 years and ask their continued patronage and invite new accounts of those wishing pleasant banking relations.

PEOPLES BANK.

PAINT LICK, KENTUCKY.



A complete stock of United States Tires carried by
C. C. & J. E. Stormes.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

VALUABLE FARMING LAND.

The heirs of Wm. H. Dean, deceased, will on

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 2nd, 1916

at the late residence of Wm. H. Dean, in Jessamine county, Kentucky, near Little Hickman, eight miles south of Nicholasville, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder the farm of Wm. H. Dean, situated in Jessamine County, Kentucky, on the Sugar Creek and Waits Mill pike, and containing 589.7 acres.

Said land will be offered in six different tracts:

FIRST TRACT—Situated on the Sugar Creek and Waits Mill Turnpike, and contains 106.6 acres. The improvements on this tract is the residence of W. H. Dean, two tobacco barns, pair of scales, and all other necessary outbuildings; also two orchards with over 300 bearing trees.

SECOND TRACT—Situated on said pike and contains 33.8 acres. The improvements on this tract consist of a tenant house, barn and other necessary outbuildings.

THIRD TRACT—Situated on east side of said pike and contains 115.8 acres. The improvements on this tract consists of a tenant house, two tobacco barns, stock barn and other necessary outbuildings.

FOURTH TRACT—Situated on the north side of the turnpike road leading from Pink to Little Hickman and contains 80 acres. The improvements on this tract consists of a barn.

FIFTH TRACT—Adjoins tract No. 4, and contains 113 acres. Said tract has about ten acres of valuable oak timber on it.

SIXTH TRACT—Adjoins tract No. 5 and the lands of Thos Bruner and Negie Dean and contains 140.5 acres. There is on this tract about 12 or 15 acres of valuable oak timber.

Said farm will be first offered in separate tracts as above described, then as a whole.

All of said land is in a high state of cultivation and there is on said farm about 150 acres now cultivated in wheat, corn and tobacco; balance in grass—an fine tobacco land.

TERMS OF SALE—Said land will be sold one-third cash balance in one and two years, purchaser being required to execute notes to us as agents, bearing interest at rate of 6 per cent. per annum from day of sale, and a lien will be retained on said land in the deeds conveying same to secure payment of the purchase money. Possession of said land will be given for seeding purposes in fall of 1916, and full possession given on 1st day of January 1917. Deeds of conveyance will be given to purchaser immediately after sale.

**W. W. ROBERTS,
CARL HULETT,
SHERMAN DEAN,**

Agents for the Dean Heirs.

For further particulars apply to SHERMAN DEAN, on premises, Little Hickman, Ky., or G. W. LYNE, Real Estate Agent, Nicholasville, Ky.

LIST OF CLAIMS.

ACRES AND FARM PROFITS.

As a Rule, the Big Profits Come From the Big Farms.

(Prepared by United States Department of Agriculture.)

One of the first and most important factors having to do with profitable farming, as in all other lines of business, is the size of the enterprise. There are several measures of size of farming enterprise. Perhaps in operations of the same general type, the area of the farm furnishes the most significant measure of size. Of course, size in acres cannot be used in comparing a truck farm or a farm of any intensive type with a general farm. Despite the much talked of idea of "Despite the much talked of idea of a little farm well tilled," actual records



SELF BINDER IN AN OAT FIELD.

from thousands of farms covering pretty well the whole United States go to show that little farms do not often make big profits and that as a rule the profits from farming vary directly with the size of the business.

In a study of the agriculture of Chester county, Pa., 115 farms of the group of sixty acres and under, averaging forty acres, only 8 per cent made labor incomes of \$1,000 or more, and the average for the group of this size was \$491. Of the group coming in size from 161 to 363 acres, averaging 203 acres, 68 per cent made \$1,000 or more, the average for the whole group being \$1,575.

In a similar study in the extensive farm region of the upper Mississippi valley states, the 199 acre farm groups gave an income five times that of the forty acre group. Results closely paralleling these are secured wherever such studies are made of comparable types of farming. It is not surprising that this is true when we consider some of the handicaps under which the small farm is operated. For instance, in the group of large general farms in the Chester county area the value of machinery equipment per acre of crops was only about one-half that of the small farm group, and the crop acres per horse was nearly double, as was also the crop acres per man. Furthermore, a small farm is rarely adequately supplied with equipment to enable the farmer to properly do his work.

A recent study of machinery equipment on over 1,100 farms in western New York showed that when, for instance, a sulky plow was used to cover fifteen acres annually the cost per day of use for the machine alone was 83 cents. When this same plow was used to cover fifty-five acres annually the cost was reduced to 57 cents per day. A grain drill when used to cover twenty acres annually cost per day used \$2.97; when used to cover 117 acres annually the cost per day dropped to \$1.01. A grain binder, when used to cover fifteen acres per year, cost per day used the surprising sum of \$8.15; when used to cover eighty-five acres per year the cost per day used was \$2.41.

Another striking disadvantage of a small farm is that the restricted acreage does not permit of sufficient diversification in the farm enterprise to furnish a good, even, all the year round employment of labor. As a result the labor employed by the year is often idle for long periods. Whether this labor is hired or is the service of the farmer himself and his family, the results are the same. Rather than be idle for a long period this labor might well be employed in some industry which yields even but slight profit. In the larger size farms this factor can easily be provided for. The minimum size of a farm for efficiency should be such as will furnish opportunity for adequate employment of labor, machinery, equipment and work stock.

It is not always possible for a farmer to enlarge his business by investing more capital until it shall have reached the optimum size. He can, however, quite often rent additional land. In many parts of the United States the figure paid for land rental, either in cash or in part of the crops, amounts to considerably less than a normal interest charge. A study of three groups of tenant farms located in Indiana, Illinois and Iowa showed that the tenants paid on the average a rental equivalent to only 3.5 per cent of the value of the farm. A farmer with restricted means, therefore, under such circumstances need not worry about his inability to purchase when he can real more cheaply than he can own.

**Jefferson School of Law,
A NIGHT LAW SCHOOL**
COMPLETE TWO YEAR COURSE, degrees LL.B., LL.M., for open Oct. 1, 1916.
Instruction, 10 hours per week, 10 weeks.
Admission, \$100. Tuition, \$100.
Textbooks, \$100. Materials, \$100.
Boarding, \$100. Books, \$100.
Total, \$500. Tuition, \$100.
Thomas Jefferson ready to teach with
ELIOT PERINER, Secy., Louisville, Ky.

LIST OF CLAIMS.

The following is a list of claims allowed by the Garrard County Fiscal Court from May 1st, 1915, to May 1st, 1916.

Anderson J. E. \$ 1 65

Anderson, Harry 20 30

Arnold C. A. 28 00

Arnold Ed 3 44

Arnold T. M. Jr. 2 60

Adams W. L. 2 65

American Seating Co. 600 00

Anderson, Harry 31 20

Arnold Mrs. W. A. 4 00

Adams McKinley 1 50

Art Metal Construction Co. 850 00

Acton J. M. 17 50

Arnold C. A. 15 00

Amon, John 3 44

Arnold Ed 16 00

Brown W. H. 2 00

Boian R. C. 2 00

Howlin G. A. 2 00

Same 2 00

Brown L. F. 3 44

Same 2 00

Ballard J. H. 2 00

Same 2 00

Baird S. L. 2 00

Same 3 44

Bradley & Gilbert Co. 11 85

Same 17 60

Same 29 00

Bank of Bryantsville 30 00

Burnside Joe 15 00

Burdette Bright 37

Burdett James 1 50

Burdett John 2 00

Barton R. H. 10 00

Boian Joe 6 82

Burnside Wood 6 00

Same 2 00

Blakeman, Ervin 75

Beazley J. A. 2 00

Same 20 00

Hastin H. V. 2 00

Howlin W. S. 7 00

Hall W. B. 12 50

Hall Ernest 6 00

Central Record acct 476 24

Cook Ebb 7 46

Conn Brothers 97 42

Same 2 28

Carman W. L. 132 00

Cook W. R. 2 00

Same 2 00

Coldiron J. W. 45 00

Cox G. C. 30 00

Carter John D. 51 70

Conn H. P. 3 75

City of Lancaster 71 00

Same, Fire Bell 50 00

Cornett & Gregory 11 60

Clark R. C. 2 00

Doty W. A. 2 00

Same 7 50

Denny & Wheeler 4 00

Davidson & Doty 12 15

Same 27 95

Same 22 51

Dickerson & Kennedy 41 00

Same 40 00

Same 12 00

Dickerson & Carrier 15 00

Dunn Ras 37

Deering Albert 75

Duncan W. H. 6 90

Embry R. T. 2 00

Estridge R. W. 2 00

Frasbie F. P. 14 70

Same 27 00

Furr W. H. 9 00

Gandy Wm. 20 00

Gaines E. C. 75 00

Germino Manufacturing Co. 27 50

Same 7 00

Goin Win 19 50

Gulley J. W. 2 00

Grow N. T. 2 00

Herndon H. K. 4 00

Herndon Wm. 2 00

Hurt F. G. 2 00

Hamilton J. W. 105 30

Same 140 45

Same 34 95

Hamilton Joe 13 05

Same 2 25

Same 15 00

Heidrick E. F. & Son 3 80

Hasedden Brothers 167 42

Same 179 45

Same 256

Your Account Is Ready. Call and settle at once as I want to leave.

Having withdrawn from the firm of J. R. Mount & Co., to go into other business, I desire to thank my customers for their patronage and request that they come in and settle their accounts and notes now, as I need the money to put into my new business.

Respectfully,

JOHN M. MOUNT

Batteries

Send us your Storage Batteries
when they need attention.

We have a special expert for this work
and will get them back to you the next day
after their arrival at our place.

Stop your cars at our Garage when in our
city. We will park them without charge.

**Marshall-Featherston
MOTOR CO.**

LEXINGTON, KY.

177 N. Upper St. Phone No. 692.



Local Contractors or Cortright Metal Roofing Co.
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Jacob Schulz Company

Incorporated.

Fine Cut Flowers For All Occasions.

Phones 344 F-13 or 83 All Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Wm. F. Miller, Agt. Lancaster.



Deering Mowing Machines

Have Many Exclusive Features Which Make Them Superior To Mowers of Any Other Make.

The Deering Mowing Machines possess all the good features of a good lawn mower with many improvements, most of which are exclusive with the Deering type and should have on your new machine.

Another effective feature, the buckling bar, running bar has to replace it and operate.

and let us show this splendid mowerr or send for attractive illustrations giving full descriptions of the full line of Deering Machines.

BECKER & BALLARD
BRYANTSVILLE, Ky.

Gossip About People

A Brief Mention of the Comings and Goings by Those We Are Interested In.

Misses Martha and Helen Gill were recent visitors in Danville.

Little Miss Evelyn Perkins of Richmond is visiting Miss Carrie Miller.

Mrs. Fannie Walker has been on a visit to relatives in the Paint Lick section.

Mr. Joe Haselden, of Lancaster, is spending the week in Danville—Advocate.

Mrs. Patay Brown, of Stanford, has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Oppie Brown.

Mrs. H. F. Hudson has been in Nicholasville visiting her brother, Mr. L. L. Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Hamilton made a short sojourn in the Lincoln County Capitol.

Mrs. Ray Orrell and two little sons are visiting her aunt, Mrs. Ed. Perkins near Bryantsville.

Mr. Joe Haselden has been in Danville the greater part of the time for the past ten days.

Mr. W. L. Williams and family have been sojourners during the past week at Crab Orchard Springs.

Mr. Joe Nevins has been making a several days visit to his mother, Mrs. Mattie Nevins of Stanford.

Mrs. James Hatcher left Tuesday for a visit to her sister, Mrs. Milam and Mrs. Albert Rice, of Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. R. J. Sellman, of Nicholasville, is the guest of Miss Minnie Brown at the home of Mrs. Thomas Austin.

Mr. William Arnold and family of Richmond motored to this city and were visitors of Mrs. Ruth Johnson.

Miss Minnie Sanders and Miss Christine Sanders have been visiting in Rich mond and attending the Chautauqua.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. T. Richmond and little daughter, of Marshall, Okla., are the guests of Mrs. H. D. Simpson.

Mrs. H. A. H. Marksbury made a brief visit to her daughter, Mrs. Louis Landram in Danville during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Newland and children were over from Stanford and were accompanied home by Mr. A. H. Elkin.

Miss Tommie Francis has been making a visit to her sister, Mrs. George Halloway and other relatives in Madison county.

Mrs. J. E. Claunch and children have returned to their home in Somerset, after a visit to her sister, Mrs. J. M. Mount.

Mrs. Mattie P. Frisbie and grandson, Master Hudson Frisbie returned from a pleasant visit to Danville last Saturday.

Mrs. J. M. Mount and little son, J. M. Mount Jr., have returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Eagan Wood in Danville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Avey, of Stanford were here for the funeral of the latter's father, the late Mr. William Hughes.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hogle, who are here from the Crescent City, spent several days at the former's boyhood home in Hustonville.

Miss Mary Lee Lear entertained Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Margaret Cook and her guests, Messes Hope Gardner and Christine and Helen Elizabeth Sprague of Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Pat Sutton of McReary entertained at a delightful dinner Tuesday. Those who enjoyed this bountiful spread were Mr. and Mrs. Tom Ballard, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Walker and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Tomlinson.

Mr. and Mrs. William G. Anderson presided at a handsome dinner at their home in the west suburb, the honorees being Mr. and Mrs. Herndon Young of Panama.

Miss Mary Doty and Miss Jane Doty of Lancaster, who have been the guests of Mrs. J. Rockwell Smith for a few days left yesterday for their home—Messenger.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel G. Haselden and sons, "J. R." and Duncan, attended the Realty Company lot sale, conducted by Mr. Joe S. Haselden in the adjacent city on Monday and Tuesday.

Rev. J. W. Beagle former pastor of the Lancaster Baptist church, was a visitor of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Holzschuh en route to his home in Georgetown, after holding a revival at Highlawn, Lincoln county.

Mrs. H. A. H. Marksbury who had expected about three weeks ago to leave for an extended visit to the Hoosier State, but was detained because of the illness of her daughter, Mrs. H. Clay Sutton, departed a few days since for Richmond, Ind., where she will be for some time with her daughter, Mrs. A. H. Rice.

Miss Edna Lindsey Gilley, who has been in the Teachers' Training School at Indianapolis, from which school she was graduated in May, will shortly arrive to spend the summer here with Lancaster relatives. In September she will go to Winnipeg, Manitoba to teach.

and let us show this splendid mowerr or send for attractive illustrations giving full descriptions of the full line of Deering Machines.

Deering Mowing Machines possess all the good features of a good lawn mower with many improvements, most of which are exclusive with the Deering type and should have on your new machine.

The chief of the features are, long enduring qualities, light draft, lever, flexible gang arrangement, no danger of cutter bar bending, knife breaking. A clean shear cut the full length of the mow-

er, double wearing plates, external main gear, rigid main frame, comp-

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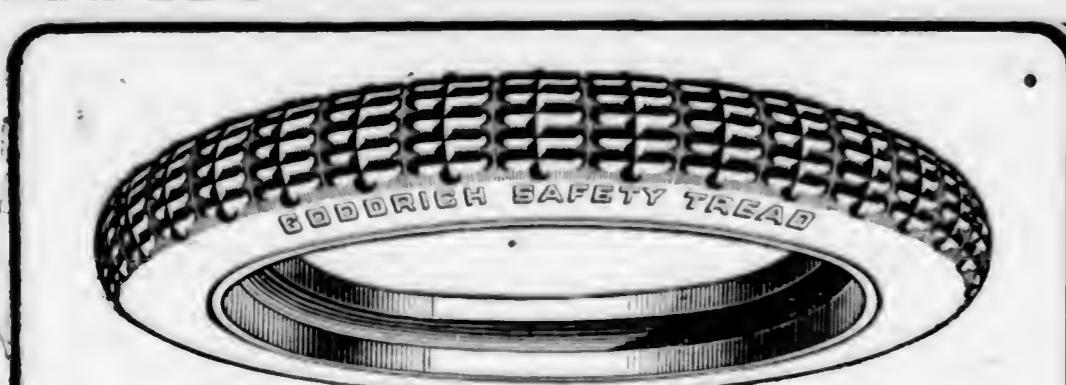
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Three Million Auto Tires made— by GOODRICH, in year 1915

STUDY the Price-List publicly printed below. Compare with the List-Prices of other Tires made in *LESSER Volume*.

Observe that competing Prices are *higher* in almost the exact proportion that **VOLUME** of production is *smaller*.

This when *Quality* approaches the *Goodrich Standard*.

Cut our 1915 Tire Output (of 3,000,000 Auto and Truck Tires) to *One-third*, and it would still far exceed the Average of all Competing Makes or Brands.

But, that huge reduction in *Volume* MIGHT result in every Tire we made costing you *One-third* MORE than present prices.

They would not,—and could not,—be BETTER Tires, at this necessarily higher-cost to Us, and *higher-price* to You.

Because,—Goodrich Tires are *not* made "up to a price,"—nor "down to a price."

WE, first of all, make the **BEST** Fabric Tires that our 47-year Experience in Rubber-Working,—our huge Purchasing-Power, and the most Advanced Equipment, renders possible.

Then we let *Cost* fall where it will.

To that Cost we add a moderate, and fair, Profit for Ourselves and for our Dealers,

Then we let *VOLUME* rise,—as it will.

The more Tires we Make, the LESS each Tire COSTS us to produce,—and the less it costs YOU to buy them.

The more Tires we Sell, the less profit, per Tire, WE NEED, for dividends.

The more Tires we make, the better we KNOW HOW to make them,—the more we Lay off Stocks on Quality,—and Satisfaction to Consumers.

And, because of all this,—

—The **BEST** Fabric Tires that Skill,—Experience,—Good-Faith, and Maximum Volume, can build,—are now available to YOU at the **VERY MODERATE** Fair-List Prices here quoted.

Why pay more for ANY Fabric Tire?

THE B. F. GOODRICH CO., Akron, O.

Goodrich "Fair-List" Prices

NOTICE.—These Tires are as perfect as Fabric Tires can be made, but, should any dissatisfaction whatever arise, with any Goodrich Tire, its Owner is invited, and REQUESTED, to take the matter up promptly with us,—the Makers.

He will find that Fair, Square, and LIBERAL treatment will always be extended, on all proper adjustments.

THE B. F. GOODRICH CO., Akron, O.

30 x 3	Ford Sizes	\$10.40	34 x 4	\$22.40
30 x 3½	(Safety-Treads)	\$13.40	35 x 4½	\$31.20
32 x 3½		\$15.45	36 x 4½	\$31.60
33 x 4		\$22.00	37 x 5	\$37.35

GOODRICH— Black "Barefoot" TIRES

"TEXTAN"—Does for your SHOE Soles what black "Bare-foot-Rubber" does for Goodrich Tire Soles.

—Wears longer than Leather! —Is Non-slippery! —Is waterproof! —Is lighter than Leather! —Is more flexible than Leather!

Ask your Shoe Dealer, or Shoe Repairer, for Textan Soles on your next pair of Shoes.

Lancaster Motor Car Co. Distributors for Garrard County.

MT. HEBRON

Mt. Hebron Sunday School July 2nd, 84.

Miss Christine Speaks is victim of measles.

Mr. Chan Duncan sold to Mr. H. R. Montgomery a calf for \$20.

Mr. Robert Speaks bought of Mr. I. E. Speaks a calf, price \$30.

Mr. Edgar Duncan sold to Mr. H. R. Montgomery a calf, price \$25.

Mrs. Sallie Jennings of Lexington is the guest of her sister Mrs. Dean.

Mr. Jas. Mayfield left last week for a stay with relatives in Lexington.

Mr. Ed Grow sold to Mr. Thomas Hicks some corn at \$1.25 per barrel.

Mrs. W. S. Bowling who has been quite sick with flux is improving slowly.

Messrs. Chan McMillan and Elmer Lancaster of Orchard Grove are on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Graw of Pleasant Hill were with Mr. Ed Grow and wife Saturday.

Mr. Armster Brunner, of Jessamine was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Grow Tuesday night.

Mrs. Peachie Graw and Miss Salie Barker of Locust Grove spent last week with relatives and friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Sherrow and two sons, Mr. Author Preston and wife attended services at Georgetown Sunday.

Misses Ethel and Stella Bratton, of

Lancaster are the guests of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Thompson.

Miss Lavina Montgomery left Monday for Hamilton Valley where she will be with her sister, Mrs. Jas. Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. Speed Sherrow of Bourne are very happy over the arrival of a baby boy on the 16 inst. christened Herbert.

Mrs. Sorgs and little son of Frank were the guests, last week of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Montgomery at Lock No. 8.

Mrs. J. W. Logan of Matoon, Ill., who has been spending a few weeks with relatives here, left Saturday for Lexington, thence to Tremble county and will return home the latter part of the week.

The vicinity was greatly shocked on last Thursday afternoon by the death of little J. P. Crank, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Crank. He was sick about 40 minutes from some unknown cause. Dr. Ross arrived shortly after his death. He was two years and ten months old, was a bright child and much loved by his family and friends.

Funeral services were held at the church by Rev. J. W. Mahan on Friday at 3 p. m. Interment in Mt. Hebron cemetery. Much sympathy is extended the parents and grand-parents and may they, through their sorrow, be able to say "not my will but Thine be done".

A FEW DROPS OF BOURBON POULTRY CURE

In the drinking water.

Makes Hens Lay Amazingly

Cures Croup, Colds, Coughs, Lumbago—Prevents Skin Disease.

One 500 bottle makes 12 gallons of medicated water.

Drugs by weight, not by volume.

Valueable poultry book free.

BOURNON REMEDY CO., Lexington, Ky.

Sold by J. R. Mount, Son & Co.

County Court Days.

Richmond, 1st. Monday.

Paris, 1st. Monday.

Frankfort, 1st. Monday.

Harradburg, 1st. Monday.

Lexington, 2nd. Monday.

Stanford, 2nd. Monday.

Shelbyville, 2nd. Monday.

Carlisle, 2nd. Monday.

Danville, 3rd. Monday.

Lawrenceburg, 3rd. Monday.

Nicholasville, 3rd. Monday.

Mt. Sterling, 3rd. Monday.

Somersett, 3rd. Monday.

Georgetown, 3rd. Monday.

LANCASTER, 4th. Monday.

Winchester, 4th. Monday.

Monticello, 4th. Monday.

Versailles, 4th. Monday.

HOW OUR BOYS PASS THEIR TIME AWAY ON HOT PLAINS OF MEXICAN BORDER

Little Stories From the Front That Give Keen Insight Into Daily Lives of National Guardsmen.

How One Married Man, Who Insisted on Teaching Son to Fight, Dropped Dead En Route to Texas.

Ult boys are at the front, and everybody is proud of them. Everybody likes to know what they are doing, how they are faring in Texas, and the little things that arise in their daily life always prove interesting. So these little stories have been selected from the great amount of news that is sent from the border:

Retruns With Father's Body.

The body of Color Sergeant Samuel Garrett of the Fourteenth Infantry, N. Y. N. G., who went from Brooklyn to face the perils of war, but found death waiting for him this side of the Rio Grande, has been returned. He dropped dead the other evening.

The June escort of the body is George Garrett, bugler of Company C and son of the dead man. The father went with the colors for the expressed purpose of "teaching that kid how to get along straight in the army."

When the president called for the national guard Colonel Foote, commandant



Photo by American Press Association.

TEXAS GIRLS GREETING THE BOYS IN UNIFORM.

er of the Fourteenth, told the married men of his regiment that "the men were the ones to go." Samuel Garrett at once sought his chief.

"I'm one of the married men who perhaps should remain at home to take care of my wife," he told the colonel. "But I have carried the flag of this regiment for nearly a decade, and I just can't see it go to the front in any other hands. I've served the United States as a sailor too. I'm ready to serve her again."

"But there are plenty of younger men who are eager for service." It was suggested. "Don't you think it's their turn now?"

"No, sir, I don't," returned Garrett.

The following day he returned to the armory with a radiant smile on his face.

"I've got to go," he told his officers. "You see, my son is just nineteen, and it was myself who directed him to enlist in this regiment. Why, he's just a kid. So I'll have to go along with the youngster to protect him and to show him how to be a soldier."

This logic was not contested. So when the Fourteenth entrained Saturday Garrett marched with the rest of the regiment to the front. The regiment had been in the field for nearly a decade, and I just can't see it go to the front in any other hands. I've served the United States as a sailor too. I'm ready to serve her again."

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"No, sir, I don't," returned Garrett.

time and an antidote administered before it had a chance to work."

Major Amerson issued a warning to all of the men to take care in putting on their garments to make sure no poisonous insects were in possession.

With Massachusetts Men.

Over on Park Avenue in Morningside heights, northwest of Fort Mills, the First Massachusetts ambulance corps has set up dinky little pup-tents and occupy the entire field, with the exception of their fellow service men of the hospital corps and the field signal corps of the Massachusetts command. Little Red Cross flags flapped in the hot breeze, and the signal corps men lay under their tents all day, eating ice cream cones and fanning themselves.

While they slept and ate a gang of Mexican laborers in command of General Jose De La Luz Joseph of the Light, Spanish Student's ranking general and associate of Villa in the Madero revolution, dug wider main trenches, grubbed Spanish dagger plants from the rocky soil and cleared the ground of grease wood and sage. General Ilmane has retired from the field and is now waterworks foreman.

Jerseys at Douglas.

A and B batteries of the New Jersey field artillery were sent to Douglas, Ariz., presumably to relieve regular cavalrymen. It is reported that the cavalry will be ordered to the San Bernardino valley, east of Douglas, to protect its large supply of cattle, horses and mules from possible bandit forays.

A regiment of New Jersey infantry, two troops of cavalry and a signal company

are also sent to the area.

AVICIOUS PESTS

From during April a billion dollars worth of food and property were lost. In 1915, \$100,000,000 worth of food and property was lost.

RAT CORN

Price to our customers

Double to eat but harmless to birds and mammals.

White Corn

</div

Danville's Big Fair For 1916

New Management.

\$2,500.00 In Premiums.

Splendid Attractions.



Big Roadster Ring Every Day.

LADIES FREE THE FIRST DAY.

LITTLEJOHN'S BIG CARNIVAL ON THE GROUNDS.

AUGUST 2nd, 3rd and 4th, 1916

HUGH TARKINGTON, President.

J. BEECHER ADAMS, Secretary.

BRYANTSVILLE

Miss Minnie Perkins of Middleboro is the guest of Mrs. Elizabeth Burgess.

Mrs. Ray Turrell and children of Eliz.

have been visiting Mrs. Edw. Perkins.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Cox of Lancaster

and Miss Elsa Welch of Nicholasville

are visiting Mrs. J. H. Deane.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Williams and

guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Green

of Crab Orchard Springs

for dinner Thursday evening.

Master Ralph Kennedy is again with

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Kennedy after visit-

ing his grandfather at Cuba, Kentucky.

Misses Gertie and Jane Bowling, Stells

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

Continues to JULY 31st, 1916.

Notwithstanding the large increase in prices of all kinds of Merchandise, we are starting our July Clearance Sale, as our stock is entirely too large for this time of the year and we positively will not take a chance on carrying goods over from one season to another. We are therefore cutting the prices on all Men's and Boys Clothing, all Low Cut Shoes, Straw Hats, Summer Underwear and many other articles.

Now Is The Time To Get Your Summer Outfit At Low Cut Prices.

MENS \$10.00 SUITS NOW \$8.25	MENS \$12.50 SUITS NOW \$9.75	MENS \$15.00 SUITS NOW \$12.75
MENS \$18.00 SUITS NOW \$13.75	MENS \$20.00 SUITS NOW \$15.75	MENS \$22.50 SUITS NOW \$17.75
ALL \$3.50 LOW CUTS NOW \$2.95	ALL \$4.00 LOW CUTS NOW \$3.25	ALL \$5.00 LOW CUTS NOW \$3.95
All Boys Clothing Reduced.	Cash	All Straw Hats Reduced.
All Summer Underwear Reduced.	Cash	Ladies' Low-Cuts Reduced.

Come early and get your fit while we have the sizes and you can get a good selection.

JAS. W. SMITH,

HOUSE OF QUALITY.

FARMER'S COLUMN

ADAIR FOUGHT TO BITTER END

space below this heading is for the exclusive use of our farmer subscribers, and is for the sale of stock, grain and such things on farm as the farmer cannot afford to advertise. No notice will be accepted over four lines, and will be only in two issues of the paper, free of charge.

Three Poland China Hogs and one or eight for sale. Apply at this office.

Two extra good young Jersey Cows for sale. F. M. Tindler.

WANTED—500 bushels of barley. G. A. Swineford.

Sam Cotton has two good milk cows for sale.

FOR SALE—Team work mules. Ollie W. Estes.

FOR SALE—A nice Duroc boar. Miller McCormick, R. F. D. 2.

WANTED—An extra good bull. E. C. McWhorter, Paint Lick, Ky.

FOR SALE—Three good yearling bull calves. J. H. Thompson, Preachersville.

FOR SALE—Brom cutter, good as new. Price reasonable. S. H. Estes.

FOR SALE—A nice four year old driving horse. Apply to W. F. Crouse, on Crab Orchard Pike, Route 2.

FOR SALE—20 good, fresh milk cows, also 20 yearling, two year old jersey heifers. Walton E. Moss.

Tom Ray, of Sycamore Valley, has for sale, three cows with young calves and three sows and pigs. All good ones.

FOR SALE—One five-year-old sorrel pony, well broken; also one yearling pony. Will sell cheap. Miss Anna Belle Burnside.

WANTED—To rent a small farm that can be cultivated with 3 horses and 7 boys. V. F. Brickey, Buena Vista, Ky.

300 first year, young mountain sheep for sale. E. C. McWhorter and J. B. Woods, Paint Lick, Ky.

LOST—Big, handsome, black white and tan bitch, just weaned puppies. Left A. K. Walker July 5th. Any information will be appreciated. Woods Walker.

Charity.

A worthy countryman in Suabia sent in a petition to the military authorities asking that his son be allowed a furlough to come home and visit his parents. He concluded his document as follows: "Excuse bad writing. I have only had a common school education, and that under a teacher who was a very thirsty man."

MEXICAN DESCRIBES HOW DEAD LIEUTENANT USED PISTOLS.

GALLANT AGAINST ALL ODDS

After Emptying Pistol He Threw It at Mexicans and Obtained Another From Dead Soldier at His Side—War Department Issued Orders For Discharge of Men With Dependents.

LLOYD-GEORGE'S CAREER.

Has Been Efficient Member of British Cabinet for Eleven Years.

Lloyd-George, who was recently appointed secretary of state for war, has been a member of British cabinets for nearly eleven years and has been singularly efficient in various positions of the highest importance. When the late Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman organized a Liberal government Dec. 1905, he appointed Lloyd-George president of the board of trade, which position the latter filled until Mr. Asquith, who succeeded to the premiership April 6, 1908, made Lloyd-George chancellor of the exchequer. When the coalition government was formed May 1915, Lloyd-George was chosen minister of munitions, a post he has held with marked success until he was now made minister of war to succeed the late Kitchener.

"The Mexican," continued Wilson, "pointed out the spot where Lieutenant Adair fell. Before it were strewn thickly the carcasses of Mexican horses, whose riders had been shot down by the officer. The soldier said Lieutenant Adair thus, single handed, moved down a cavalry charge of the Mexicans, fanning his automatic from side to side.

"Shells were strewn everywhere about the place where Adair died. His light must have been one of the most brilliant ever made by an American officer against hopeless odds."

Without knowing his son had met death, Samuel Adair, father of Lieutenant Adair, died at Portland, Ore., after a lingering illness. His last words were: "Henry is now a captain. He has received his promotion."

Lieutenant Adair was to have been made a captain on July 1. Further and son probably will be buried at the same time.

How Discharge May Be Obtained.

Enlisted men of the national guard in federal service who have one or more relatives dependent on them for support may obtain their discharge upon application to their department commander.

Secretary of War Baker put this rule into effect as the result of letters to the war department pleading for the release of militiamen whose wives or

other relatives were left in straitened circumstances.

The rule applies primarily to married men, but is so framed as to include unmarried men with aged parents, children or other relatives dependent on them. The number of men in the enlisted militia who can avail themselves of the order is estimated by the war department at less than 20,000.

Secretary Baker notified General Wood at Governors Island and the other department commanders that the soldier must file a petition to be discharged and must furnish proof of the dependency.

But if department commanders learn of soldiers who ought to apply for the discharge they must inform the soldiers of the right to apply for it, the order reads.

MOVIES CLOSED TO YOUNG.

No One Under Sixteen Will Be Admitted—Sunday Schools Discontinued—Symptoms Confusing, and Scientists Have Been Unable to Isolate the Germ or Find Cure.

KEEP THEM CLEAN TO SAVE CHILDREN.

Epidemic of Infantile Paralysis Puzzles New York Doctors.

Anterior Poliomyelitis.

An infective contagious disease, probably of microbial origin, in which the anterior horns of gray matter of the spinal cord are attacked, producing destruction of their cells and causing motor paralysis; more common in children and hence often called infantile paralysis. — Webster's Dictionary.

This definition of infantile paralysis, written several years ago for laymen, is practically all that the medical world knows today regarding the dread disease now epidemic in New York. In 1907 an epidemic of infantile paralysis swept through the city, causing thousands of deaths.

With the epidemic growing daily, \$41,000 has been set aside by the city for immediate expenditure in coping with the disease, and arrangements have been made that \$30,000 more will be available if needed.

"Great and imminent peril to the public health exists," asserts the board of health. The money will be spent to employ fifty additional hospital doctors, fifteen additional field doctors and at least 120 additional nurses.

Three thousand theaters and moving picture houses are now closed to children under sixteen years of age; summer schools are being called off; military camps for boys in the vicinity of the Greater City are being placed under the strictest regulations; Sunday school picnics and excursions are being abandoned. Sunday schools discontinued for the summer in many parishes, and the majority of children from the city progressed apparently.

Every effort has been put forward to trace the germ that causes the ailment and thus find a cure, such as was accomplished in typhoid and diphtheria. During the 1907 epidemic a committee composed of the most eminent medical men in the United States made a systematic study of infantile paralysis with the purpose of accurately cataloguing the symptoms of the disease and of identifying the germ that caused it. With the germ properly identified the task of finding a serum to kill

it and thus produce a cure for infantile paralysis should not be a difficult one.

Find Symptoms Confusing.

But the medical men found themselves against a stone wall. The report which they had prepared on the 1907 epidemic shows that in some cases the symptoms were fever and chills; in others they were not; in some cases that the juvenile sufferer vomited and was delirious; in others that the sufferers showed entirely different symptoms.

The bacteriologists had no better excuse.

Headed by Dr. Simon Flexner of the Rockefeller Institute, they segregated the poliomyelitic germ, but were unable to identify it further than to find that it showed a similarity to the virus of human rabies. They injected germs of infantile paralysis into animals, and of those experimented upon monkeys were the only ones that contracted the disease. This was interesting, but not vitally instructive in so far as finding a cure for infantile paralysis was concerned.

The 1907 epidemic passed, the medical men drew up a long report, and infantile paralysis was practically forgotten until the present scourge began sweeping over New York. With the coming of the 1916 epidemic the medical profession found itself just where it was in 1907. It knew that a germ caused infantile paralysis, but it did not know how to deal with the germ except to eradicate it by the one method used in dealing with all deadly germs—absolute cleanliness.

Therefore cleanliness has been the slogan of the health department in the present epidemic. Dr. Charles F. Boland, head of the bureau of public health education of the health department, told how the fight against infantile paralysis is being waged.

"We have physicians, nurses and inspectors out seeking cases of the disease day and night," he said. "We also are conducting a campaign of publicity so that parents may know how to keep the deadly germ from their homes. The department of health has prepared a map on which a daily record of the disease is kept.

"Parents must not give way to fright or hysteria. If a child becomes sick a competent physician should be summoned at once. If a child is given plenty of fresh air and sunshine and kept amid clean surroundings there is no great danger of its contracting the disease."

Lynching Shaw Deserves.

Records kept at the Tuskegee Institute show that there were twenty-five lynchings in the United States during the first six months of this year compared with thirty-four for the same period a year ago. Two whites and twenty-three negroes were mobbed, and eight of them were killed in Georgia. Five were charged with attacks upon women.

New Stained-Glass Process.

A process has been perfected in France for applying colors to glass by heat, so that stained glass windows can be made without fastening many pieces of glass of different hues together.

HUNTERS TAKE NOTICE.

This Agreement Witnesseth: That

in order to protect the game on our lands for a period of three years we bind ourselves not to hunt thereon, nor permit anybody else to do so, and we further agree to prosecute with diligence all persons who violate the game laws of Kentucky or trespass upon our lands for the purpose of hunting.

We further agree to act as Deputy Game Wardens for the purpose of carrying out this agreement. Except each of us have the right to kill rabbits on our farms or permit it to be done by another under our supervision, or the supervisor of some responsible and reliable person selected by us.

This November 15th, 1915.

R. L. Elkin, J. E. Robinson, W. H. Brown, Alex Walker,

W. H. Burton, H. Dalton, John H. Smith, Logan Hubble, G. M. Deshon, T. A. Elkin, F. M. Tindler, G. M. Deshon, H. B. Cox, J. W. Sweeney, F. W. Wilmet, William, Marcus and Jim White, B. F. Wilmet, Fred J. Conn, Mrs. David Chenuart, J. W. Elmore, T. C. Rankin, Sam Cotton, Wm. G. Anderson, T. M. Arnold, Jr., R. E. Henry, A. D. Bradshaw, R. L. Barker, W. H. Ross, Jno. M. White, Bright Herring,

7-6 days.

Uniontown, August 8-5 days. Fern Creek Fair, Buechel, August 9-4 days.

Mt. Vernon, August 9-3 days. Barberville, August 9-3 days.

Perryville, August 9-3 days.

Lawrenceburg, August 15-4 days.

Shepherdsville, August 15-4 days.

Owensboro, August 15-5 days.

Brodhead, August 16-3 days.

Tr. County Fair, Sanders, August 16-4 days.

Ewing, August 17-3 days.

Knights of Pythias Fair, Stanford, August 23-3 days.

Columbia, August 22-3 days.

Frankfort, August 29-1 days.

Bardstown, August 29-4 days.

Nicholasville, August 29-3 days.

Perryroyal Fair, Hopkinsville, August 29-5 days.

Elizabethtown, August 29-3 days.

Barbourville, August 30-3 days.

KENTUCKY FAIR DATES.

The following are the dates fixed for holding the Kentucky fairs for 1916 as far as reported.

Mt. Sterling, July 19-4 days.

Winchester, July 26-4 days.

Harrodsburg, July 25-4 days.

Taylorville, August 1-5 days.

Henderson, August 1-5 days.

Danville, August 2-3 days.

Berea, August 2-3 days.

Blue Grass Fair, Lexington, August 29-6 days.

Uniontown, August 8-5 days.

Fern Creek Fair, Buechel, August 9-4 days.

Mt. Vernon, August 9-3 days.

Barkerville, August 9-3 days.

Perryville, August 9-3 days.

Lawrenceburg, August 15-4 days.

Shepherdsville, August 15-4 days.

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